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Environmental Statement Addendum G- Appendix 2 NOAA Tool Inputs and Spreadsheets

The Planning Act 2008

The Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009 – Regulation 5(2)(a)

The Infrastructure Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017

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Environmental Statement Addendum G-
Appendix 2 NOAA Tool Inputs and
Spreadsheets

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Appendix 2: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Tool inputs

Tab 'A.1: Vibratory Pile Driving' was used.

Table A1: Scenario 1 - Burgess SPL_12 h

Input		Justification/Source
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz)	2.5	NMFS suggested value
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	155	Burgess (2005) - greatest 'more typical' received SPL
Number of piles within 24-h period	1	Project: Assumption = continuous vibro-hammering for one 12 h shift per day
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	720	12 h = 720 min
Transmission loss coefficient	15	NMFS suggested value (e-mail response from NOAA dated 13/11/2020)
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	14	Burgess (2005)

Table A2: Scenario 2 - Burgess SPL_24 h (considered to represent the ML scenario)

Input		Justification/Source
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz)	2.5	NMFS suggested value
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	155	Burgess (2005) - greatest 'more typical' received SPL
Number of piles within 24-h period	1	Project: Assumption = continuous vibro-hammering for two 12 h shifts per day
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440	24 h = 1440 min
Transmission loss coefficient	15	NMFS suggested value (e-mail response from NOAA dated 13/11/2020)
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	14	Burgess (2005)

Table A3: Scenario 3 - W&H SPL_12 h

Input		Justification/Source
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz)	2.5	NMFS suggested value
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	152	Watson & Hillhouse (2019)
Number of piles within 24-h period	1	Project: Assumption = continuous vibro-hammering for one 12 h shift per day
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	720	12 h = 720 min
Transmission loss coefficient	15	NMFS suggested value (e-mail response from NOAA dated 13/11/2020)
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	5	Watson & Hillhouse (2019)

Table A4: Scenario 4 - W&H SPL_24 h

Input		Justification/Source
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz)	2.5	NMFS suggested value
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	152	Watson & Hillhouse (2019)
Number of piles within 24-h period	1	Project: Assumption = continuous vibro-hammering for two 12 h shifts per day
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440	24 h = 1440 min
Transmission loss coefficient	15	NMFS suggested value (e-mail response from NOAA dated 13/11/2020)
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	5	Watson & Hillhouse (2019)

Table A5: Scenario 5 - max Burgess SPL_24 h

Input		Justification/Source
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz)	2.5	NMFS suggested value
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	161	Burgess (2005) - max received SPL
Number of piles within 24-h period	1	Project: Assumption = continuous vibro-hammering for two 12 h shifts per day
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440	24 h = 1440 min
Transmission loss coefficient	15	NMFS suggested value (e-mail response from NOAA dated 13/11/2020)
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	14	Burgess (2005)

Table A6: Scenario 6 - Blackwell SPL_24 h

Input		Justification/Source
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz)	2.5	NMFS suggested value
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	164	Blackwell (2005) – greatest mean SPL (rms)
Number of piles within 24-h period	1	Project: Assumption = continuous vibro-hammering for two 12 h shifts per day
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440	24 h = 1440 min
Transmission loss coefficient	15	NMFS suggested value (e-mail response from NOAA dated 13/11/2020)
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	56	Blackwell (2005)

Table A7: Scenario 7 - Graham SPL_24 h (considered to represent the WC scenario)

Input		Justification/Source
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz)	2.5	NMFS suggested value
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	192	Graham <i>et al.</i> (2017) – rms source level
Number of piles within 24-h period	1	Project: Assumption = continuous vibro-hammering for two 12 h shifts per day
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440	24 h = 1440 min
Transmission loss coefficient	15	NMFS suggested value (e-mail response from NOAA dated 13/11/2020)
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	1	Graham <i>et al.</i> (2017) – source level assumed to be 1 m away from the source as per the definition provided in NOAA (2018; Appendix E Glossary)

Scenario 1

A.1: Vibratory Pile Driving (STATIONARY SOURCE: Non-Impulsive, Continuous)						
VERSION 2.1: 2020						
KEY						
Action Proponent Provided Information						
NMFS Provided Information (Technical Guidance)						
Resultant Isoleth						
STEP 1: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION						
PROJECT TITLE	AQUIND					
PROJECT/SOURCE INFORMATION	Vibro-hammering work at the marine HDD exit Scenario 1					
Please include any assumptions						
PROJECT CONTACT						
STEP 2: WEIGHTING FACTOR ADJUSTMENT						
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz) [‡]	2.5	default value				
[‡] Broadband: 95% frequency contour percentile (kHz) OR Narrowband: frequency (kHz). For appropriate default WFA: See INTRODUCTION tab [†] If a user relies on alternative weighting/dB adjustment rather than relying upon the WFA (source-specific or default), they may override the Adjustment (dB) (row 48), and enter the new value directly. However, they must provide additional support and documentation supporting this modification.						
STEP 3: SOURCE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION						
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	155					
Number of piles within 24-h period	1					
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	720					
Duration of Sound Production within 24-h period (seconds)	43200					
10 Log (duration of sound production)	46.35					
Transmission loss coefficient	15					
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	14					
NOTE: The User Spreadsheet tool provides a means to estimate distances associated with the Technical Guidance's PTS onset thresholds. Mitigation and monitoring requirements associated with a Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) authorization or an Endangered Species Act (ESA) consultation or permit are independent management decisions made in the context of the proposed activity and comprehensive effects analysis, and are beyond the scope of the Technical Guidance and the User Spreadsheet tool.						
RESULTANT ISOPLETHS						
Hearing Group	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
SEL _{cum} Threshold	199	198	173	201	219	
PTS isopleth to threshold (meters)	20.0	1.8	29.5	12.1	0.9	
WEIGHTING FUNCTION CALCULATIONS						
Weighting Function Parameters	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
a	1	1.8	1.8	1	2	
b	2	2	2	2	2	
f ₁	0.2	8.8	12	1.9	0.94	
f ₂	19	110	140	30	25	
C	0.13	1.2	1.36	0.75	0.64	
Adjustment (-dB) [†]	-0.05	-16.83	-23.50	-1.29	-0.60	
NOTE: If user decided to override these Adjustment values, they need to make sure to download another copy to ensure the built-in calculations function properly.						
$W(f) = C + 10 \log_{10} \left\{ \frac{(f/f_1)^{2a}}{[1 + (f/f_1)^2]^a [1 + (f/f_2)^2]^b} \right\}$						

Scenario 2

A.1: Vibratory Pile Driving (STATIONARY SOURCE: Non-Impulsive, Continuous)						
VERSION 2.1: 2020						
KEY						
	Action Proponent Provided Information					
	NMFS Provided Information (Technical Guidance)					
	Resultant Isoleth					
STEP 1: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION						
PROJECT TITLE	AQUIND					
PROJECT/SOURCE INFORMATION	Vibro-hammering work at the marine HDD exit Scenario 2 (ML)					
Please include any assumptions						
PROJECT CONTACT						
STEP 2: WEIGHTING FACTOR ADJUSTMENT						
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz) ^x	2.5	default value				
<p>^x Broadband: 95% frequency contour percentile (kHz) OR Narrowband: frequency (kHz); For appropriate default WFA: See INTRODUCTION tab</p> <p>[†] If a user relies on alternative weighting/dB adjustment rather than relying upon the WFA (source-specific or default), they may override the Adjustment (dB) (row 48), and enter the new value directly. However, they must provide additional support and documentation supporting this modification.</p>						
STEP 3: SOURCE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION						
Sound Pressure Level (L _{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	155					
Number of piles within 24-h period	1					
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440					
Duration of Sound Production within 24-h period (seconds)	86400					
10 Log (duration of sound production)	49.37					
Transmission loss coefficient	15					
Distance of sound pressure level (L _{rms}) measurement (meters)	14					
<p>NOTE: The User Spreadsheet tool provides a means to estimate distances associated with the Technical Guidance's PTS onset thresholds. Mitigation and monitoring requirements associated with a Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) authorization or an Endangered Species Act (ESA) consultation or permit are independent management decisions made in the context of the proposed activity and comprehensive effects analysis, and are beyond the scope of the Technical Guidance and the User Spreadsheet tool.</p>						
RESULTANT ISOPLETHS						
	Hearing Group	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds
	SEL _{cum} Threshold	199	198	173	201	219
	PTS Isoleth to threshold (meters)	31.7	2.8	46.8	19.3	1.4
WEIGHTING FUNCTION CALCULATIONS						
	Weighting Function Parameters	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds
	a	1	1.6	1.8	1	2
	b	2	2	2	2	2
	f ₁	0.2	8.8	12	1.9	0.94
	f ₂	19	110	140	30	25
	C	0.13	1.2	1.36	0.75	0.64
	Adjustment (-dB) [†]	-0.05	-16.83	-23.50	-1.29	-0.60
<p>NOTE: If user decided to override these Adjustment values they need to make sure to download another copy to ensure the built-in calculations function properly.</p>						
$W(f) = C + 10 \log_{10} \left\{ \frac{(f/f_1)^{2a}}{[1 + (f/f_1)^2]^a [1 + (f/f_2)^2]^b} \right\}$						

Scenario 3

A.1: Vibratory Pile Driving (STATIONARY SOURCE: Non-Impulsive, Continuous)						
VERSION 2.1: 2020						
KEY						
Action Proponent Provided Information						
NMFS Provided Information (Technical Guidance)						
Resultant Isoleth						
STEP 1: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION						
PROJECT TITLE	AQUIND					
PROJECT/SOURCE INFORMATION	Vibro-hammering work at the marine HDD exit Scenario 3					
Please include any assumptions						
PROJECT CONTACT						
STEP 2: WEIGHTING FACTOR ADJUSTMENT						
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz) [‡]	2.5	default value				
* Broadband: 95% frequency contour percentile (kHz) OR Narrowband: frequency (kHz). For appropriate default WFA: See INTRODUCTION tab		† If a user relies on alternative weighting/dB adjustment rather than relying upon the WFA (source-specific or default), they may override the Adjustment (dB) (row 48), and enter the new value directly. However, they must provide additional support and documentation supporting this modification.				
STEP 3: SOURCE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION						
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	152					
Number of piles within 24-h period	1					
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	720					
Duration of Sound Production within 24-h period (seconds)	43200					
10 Log (duration of sound production)	46.35					
Transmission loss coefficient	15					
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	5					
<p>NOTE: The User Spreadsheet tool provides a means to estimate distances associated with the Technical Guidance's PTS onset thresholds. Mitigation and monitoring requirements associated with a Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) authorization or an Endangered Species Act (ESA) consultation or permit are independent management decisions made in the context of the proposed activity and comprehensive effects analysis, and are beyond the scope of the Technical Guidance and the User Spreadsheet tool.</p>						
RESULTANT ISOPLETHS						
	Hearing Group	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds
	SEL _{cum} Threshold	199	198	173	201	219
	PTS Isoleth to threshold (meters)	4.5	0.4	6.6	2.7	0.2
WEIGHTING FUNCTION CALCULATIONS						
	Weighting Function Parameters	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds
	a	1	1.8	1.8	1	2
	b	2	2	2	2	2
	f ₁	0.2	8.8	12	1.9	0.94
	f ₂	19	110	140	30	25
	C	0.13	1.2	1.36	0.75	0.64
	Adjustment (-dB) [†]	-0.05	-16.83	-23.50	-1.29	-0.60
<p>NOTE: If user decided to override these Adjustment values, they need to make sure to download another copy to ensure the built-in calculations function properly.</p>						
$W(f) = C + 10 \log_{10} \left\{ \frac{(f/f_1)^{2a}}{[1 + (f/f_1)^2]^a [1 + (f/f_2)^2]^b} \right\}$						

Scenario 4

A.1: Vibratory Pile Driving (STATIONARY SOURCE: Non-Impulsive, Continuous)						
VERSION 2.1: 2020						
KEY						
Action Proponent Provided Information						
NMFS Provided Information (Technical Guidance)						
Resultant Isoleth						
STEP 1: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION						
PROJECT TITLE	AQUIND					
PROJECT/SOURCE INFORMATION	Vibro-hammering work at the marine HDD exit Scenario 4					
Please include any assumptions						
PROJECT CONTACT						
STEP 2: WEIGHTING FACTOR ADJUSTMENT						
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz) [*]	2.5	default value				
[*] Broadband: 95% frequency contour percentile (kHz) OR Narrowband: frequency (kHz). For appropriate default WFA: See INTRODUCTION tab [†] If a user relies on alternative weighting/dB adjustment rather than relying upon the WFA (source-specific or default), they may override the Adjustment (dB) (row 48), and enter the new value directly. However, they must provide additional support and documentation supporting this modification.						
STEP 3: SOURCE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION						
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	152					
Number of piles within 24-h period	1					
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440					
Duration of Sound Production within 24-h period (seconds)	86400					
10 Log (duration of sound production)	49.37					
Transmission loss coefficient	15					
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	5					
NOTE: The User Spreadsheet tool provides a means to estimate distances associated with the Technical Guidance's PTS onset thresholds. Mitigation and monitoring requirements associated with a Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) authorization or an Endangered Species Act (ESA) consultation or permit are independent management decisions made in the context of the proposed activity and comprehensive effects analysis, and are beyond the scope of the Technical Guidance and the User Spreadsheet tool.						
RESULTANT ISOPLETHS						
Hearing Group	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
SEL _{cum} Threshold	199	198	173	201	219	
PTS Isoleth to threshold (meters)	7.1	0.6	10.6	4.3	0.3	
WEIGHTING FUNCTION CALCULATIONS						
Weighting Function Parameters	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
a	1	1.8	1.8	1	2	
b	2	2	2	2	2	
f ₁	0.2	8.8	12	1.9	0.94	
f ₂	19	110	140	30	25	
C	0.13	1.2	1.36	0.75	0.64	
Adjustment (-dB) [†]	-0.05	-16.83	-23.50	-1.29	-0.60	
NOTE: If user decided to override these Adjustment values, they need to make sure to download another copy to ensure the built-in calculations function properly.						
$W(f) = C + 10 \log_{10} \left\{ \frac{(f/f_1)^{2a}}{[1 + (f/f_1)^2]^a [1 + (f/f_2)^2]^b} \right\}$						

Scenario 5

A.1: Vibratory Pile Driving (STATIONARY SOURCE: Non-Impulsive, Continuous)						
VERSION 2.1: 2020						
KEY						
Action Proponent Provided Information						
NMFS Provided Information (Technical Guidance)						
Resultant Isoleth						
STEP 1: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION						
PROJECT TITLE	AQUIND					
PROJECT/SOURCE INFORMATION	Vibro-hammering work at the marine HDD exit Scenario 5					
Please include any assumptions						
PROJECT CONTACT						
STEP 2: WEIGHTING FACTOR ADJUSTMENT						
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz) [‡]	2.5	default value				
[‡] Broadband: 95% frequency contour percentile (kHz) OR Narrowband: frequency (kHz). For appropriate default WFA: See INTRODUCTION tab [†] If a user relies on alternative weighting/dB adjustment rather than relying upon the WFA (source-specific or default), they may override the Adjustment (dB) (row 48), and enter the new value directly. However, they must provide additional support and documentation supporting this modification.						
STEP 3: SOURCE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION						
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	161					
Number of piles within 24-h period	1					
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440					
Duration of Sound Production within 24-h period (seconds)	86400					
10 Log (duration of sound production)	49.37					
Transmission loss coefficient	15					
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	14					
NOTE: The User Spreadsheet tool provides a means to estimate distances associated with the Technical Guidance's PTS onset thresholds. Mitigation and monitoring requirements associated with a Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) authorization or an Endangered Species Act (ESA) consultation or permit are independent management decisions made in the context of the proposed activity and comprehensive effects analysis, and are beyond the scope of the Technical Guidance and the User Spreadsheet tool.						
RESULTANT ISOPLETHS						
Hearing Group	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
SEL _{cum} Threshold	199	198	173	201	219	
PTS isopleth to threshold (meters)	79.6	7.1	117.6	48.4	3.4	
WEIGHTING FUNCTION CALCULATIONS						
Weighting Function Parameters	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
a	1	1.8	1.8	1	2	
b	2	2	2	2	2	
f ₁	0.2	8.8	12	1.9	0.94	
f ₂	19	110	140	30	25	
C	0.13	1.2	1.36	0.75	0.64	
Adjustment (-dB) [†]	-0.05	-16.83	-23.50	-1.29	-0.60	
NOTE: If user decided to override these Adjustment values, they need to make sure to download another copy to ensure the built-in calculations function properly.						
$W(f) = C + 10 \log_{10} \left\{ \frac{(f/f_1)^{2a}}{[1 + (f/f_1)^2]^a [1 + (f/f_2)^2]^b} \right\}$						

Scenario 6

A.1: Vibratory Pile Driving (STATIONARY SOURCE: Non-Impulsive, Continuous)						
VERSION 2.1: 2020						
KEY						
Action Proponent Provided Information						
NMFS Provided Information (Technical Guidance)						
Resultant Isoleth						
STEP 1: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION						
PROJECT TITLE	AQUIND					
PROJECT/SOURCE INFORMATION	Vibro-hammering work at the marine HDD exit Scenario 6					
Please include any assumptions						
PROJECT CONTACT						
STEP 2: WEIGHTING FACTOR ADJUSTMENT						
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz) [‡]	2.5	default value				
[‡] Broadband: 95% frequency contour percentile (kHz) OR Narrowband: frequency (kHz). For appropriate default WFA: See INTRODUCTION tab [†] If a user relies on alternative weighting/dB adjustment rather than relying upon the WFA (source-specific or default), they may override the Adjustment (dB) (row 48), and enter the new value directly. However, they must provide additional support and documentation supporting this modification.						
STEP 3: SOURCE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION						
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	164					
Number of piles within 24-h period	1					
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440					
Duration of Sound Production within 24-h period (seconds)	86400					
10 Log (duration of sound production)	49.37					
Transmission loss coefficient	15					
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	56					
NOTE: The User Spreadsheet tool provides a means to estimate distances associated with the Technical Guidance's PTS onset thresholds. Mitigation and monitoring requirements associated with a Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) authorization or an Endangered Species Act (ESA) consultation or permit are independent management decisions made in the context of the proposed activity and comprehensive effects analysis, and are beyond the scope of the Technical Guidance and the User Spreadsheet tool.						
RESULTANT ISOPLETHS						
Hearing Group	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
SEL _{cum} Threshold	199	198	173	201	219	
PTS isopleth to threshold (meters)	504.4	44.7	745.7	306.6	21.5	
WEIGHTING FUNCTION CALCULATIONS						
Weighting Function Parameters	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
a	1	1.8	1.8	1	2	
b	2	2	2	2	2	
f ₁	0.2	8.8	12	1.9	0.94	
f ₂	19	110	140	30	25	
C	0.13	1.2	1.36	0.75	0.64	
Adjustment (-dB) [†]	-0.05	-16.83	-23.50	-1.29	-0.60	
NOTE: If user decided to override these Adjustment values, they need to make sure to download another copy to ensure the built-in calculations function properly.						
$W(f) = C + 10 \log_{10} \left\{ \frac{(f/f_1)^{2a}}{[1 + (f/f_1)^2]^a [1 + (f/f_2)^2]^b} \right\}$						

Scenario 7

A.1: Vibratory Pile Driving (STATIONARY SOURCE: Non-Impulsive, Continuous)						
VERSION 2.1: 2020						
KEY						
Action Proponent Provided Information						
NMFS Provided Information (Technical Guidance)						
Resultant Isoleth						
STEP 1: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION						
PROJECT TITLE	AQUIND					
PROJECT/SOURCE INFORMATION	Vibro-hammering work at the marine HDD exit Scenario 7 (WC)					
Please include any assumptions						
PROJECT CONTACT						
STEP 2: WEIGHTING FACTOR ADJUSTMENT						
Weighting Factor Adjustment (kHz) [‡]	2.5	default value				
[‡] Broadband: 95% frequency contour percentile (kHz) OR Narrowband: frequency (kHz). For appropriate default WFA: See INTRODUCTION tab [†] If a user relies on alternative weighting/dB adjustment rather than relying upon the WFA (source-specific or default), they may override the Adjustment (dB) (row 48), and enter the new value directly. However, they must provide additional support and documentation supporting this modification.						
STEP 3: SOURCE-SPECIFIC INFORMATION						
Sound Pressure Level (L_{rms}), specified at "x" meters (Cell B30)	192					
Number of piles within 24-h period	1					
Duration to drive a single pile (minutes)	1440					
Duration of Sound Production within 24-h period (seconds)	86400					
10 Log (duration of sound production)	49.37					
Transmission loss coefficient	15					
Distance of sound pressure level (L_{rms}) measurement (meters)	1					
NOTE: The User Spreadsheet tool provides a means to estimate distances associated with the Technical Guidance's PTS onset thresholds. Mitigation and monitoring requirements associated with a Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) authorization or an Endangered Species Act (ESA) consultation or permit are independent management decisions made in the context of the proposed activity and comprehensive effects analysis, and are beyond the scope of the Technical Guidance and the User Spreadsheet tool.						
RESULTANT ISOPLETHS						
Hearing Group	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
SEL _{cum} Threshold	199	198	173	201	219	
PTS isopleth to threshold (meters)	662.6	58.7	979.6	402.7	28.3	
WEIGHTING FUNCTION CALCULATIONS						
Weighting Function Parameters	Low-Frequency Cetaceans	Mid-Frequency Cetaceans	High-Frequency Cetaceans	Phocid Pinnipeds	Otariid Pinnipeds	
a	1	1.8	1.8	1	2	
b	2	2	2	2	2	
f ₁	0.2	8.8	12	1.9	0.94	
f ₂	19	110	140	30	25	
C	0.13	1.2	1.36	0.75	0.64	
Adjustment (-dB) [†]	-0.05	-16.83	-23.50	-1.29	-0.60	
NOTE: If user decided to override these Adjustment values, they need to make sure to download another copy to ensure the built-in calculations function properly.						
$W(f) = C + 10 \log_{10} \left\{ \frac{(f/f_1)^{2a}}{[1 + (f/f_1)^2]^a [1 + (f/f_2)^2]^b} \right\}$						